



Molenaar Edition

Little Studies on a Folk Song

Henk van Lijschooten

Art.Nr: 011670070
Difficulty: B

Concert Band
Recorded on: New Compositions for Concertband 4 (311018720)

Original Pieces

Colofon

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Mini - Score

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LITTLE STUDIES

on a folksong from The Hague

For Band

Harmonie / Fanfare

Condensed Score

03.1670.07

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Holland



HENK VAN LIJSCHOOTEN (1928) ontving zijn opleiding aan het Koninklijk Conservatorium te Den Haag. Hij begon zijn loopbaan als klarinetist bij de Koninklijke Militaire Kapel. Als dirigent kreeg Van Lijschooten grote bekendheid toen hij de leiding had van de befaamde Marinierskapel. Na deze periode werd hij docent voor directie en instrumentatie aan de Conservatoria van Rotterdam, Utrecht en Amstelveen. Zijn internationale doorbraak als componist begon in de zestiger jaren. Vanaf dat moment schreef hij een groot aantal werken, in hoofdzaak voor blaasorkesten. Zijn veelzijdige oeuvre omvat werken in praktisch alle stijlen en genres. In de meeste composities geeft hij blijk een grote voorliefde te hebben voor het volkslied. Ook schreef hij educatieve werken en muziek voor variabele bezetting. Henk van Lijschooten is een veel gevraagd jurylid, gastdirigent en referent. Als zodanig trad hij op in bijna alle landen van Europa, alsmede in de Verenigde Staten, Canada, Japan en de Sovjetunie.

HENK VAN LIJSCHOOTEN (1928) received his musical education at the Royal Conservatory in The Hague. He began his career as clarinetist with the Royal Dutch Military Band. He made quite a name as conductor when he was director of the famous band of the Royal Dutch Marines. After this period he was appointed as a teacher for windbandconducting and instrumentation at the Conservatories of Rotterdam, Arnhem and Utrecht. His international break-through as a composer began in the sixties. From that period on he wrote a large number of works, mainly for windband. His versatile "oeuvre" comprises works in all genres and styles. The greater part of his compositions show his great liking of the folksong idiom. He also wrote educational works and music for variable combinations. Henk van Lijschooten is much sought-after adjudicator, guest-conductor and speaker on matters concerning windband. In these qualities he has travelled almost all European countries (including the Soviet Union) and the U.S.A., Canada and Japan.

HENK VAN LIJSCHOOTEN (1928) erlucht seine Ausbildung am Königlich Konservatorium in Den Haag. Seine Laufbahn begann er als Klarinetist bei der Königlich Militärskapelle. Weiklingsorden Raf gewann er als Dirigent, als ihm die Leitung der berühmten Marinierskapelle übertragen wurde. Nach dieser Periode wurde er Dozent für Dirigieren und Instrumentierung an den Konservatorien in Rotterdam, Utrecht und Amstelveen. In den sechziger Jahren begann sein internationaler Durchbruch als Komponist. Von jener Zeit an schrieb er eine Vielzahl Werke, vor allem für Bläsorchester. Sein vielstüdiges Oeuvre erstreckt sich über nahezu alle Stilformen und Genres. In den meisten Kompositionen tritt seine grosse Vorliebe für das Volkslied zutage. Er schrieb auch educative Werke und Musik für variabel Besetzung. Henk van Lijschooten ist als Wertungsrichter, Gastdirigent und Referent stark gefragt. In diesem Eigenschaftsbereiche besuchte er fast alle Länder Europas, die Vereinigten Staaten, Kanada, Japan und die Sowjetunion.

HENK VAN LIJSCHOOTEN (1928) reçut sa formation musicale au Conservatoire royal de La Haye. Il débuta comme clarinetiste de l'harmonie royale puis acquit une grande notoriété en dirigeant le corps des instruments de la Force navale. Il occupa ensuite la direction d'orchestre en instrumentation aux Conservatoires de Rotterdam, Utrecht et Amstelveen. On lui doit de nombreuses compositions destinées tout particulièrement aux orchestres à vent. Son oeuvre aux multiples styles aborde pratiquement tous les genres et tous les styles. La plupart de ses compositions témoignent de sa passion pour le folklore populaire. Il a également écrit des ouvrages éducatifs et de la musique pour des combinaisons variables. Henk van Lijschooten est un chef d'orchestre invité, un adjudicateur et un conférencier très demandé. En ces qualités, il a voyagé dans presque tous les pays d'Europe, les États-Unis, le Canada et l'Union soviétique.

N LITTLE STUDIES ON A FOLKSONG

In een zevental variaties over het volksliedje "In Den Haag daar woont een Graaf", worden facetten van het orkestspel aan de orde gesteld zoals zuiverheid, klank, samenspel, ritme, articulatie en dynamiek. De instrumentatie is strikt vierstemmig waardoor dit werk mede geschikt is voor onvolledige orkesten, bijvoorbeeld jeugdorkesten en blaasergroepen. Bij uitvoering door een volledig bezet blaasorkest verdient het aanbeveling de instrumentatie te variëren. Het karakter van de verschillende variaties moet bij de keuze van de instrumentatie in ogenschouw worden genomen. Op deze wijze heeft de dirigent een creatief aandeel bij het tot klinken brengen van de muziek.

E LITTLE STUDIES ON A FOLKSONG

These variations on a popular Dutch children's song about a "Count from The Hague" are in fact studies in orchestral playing. Aspects dealing with playing in tune; overall sound; ensemble playing; rhythm; articulation and dynamics are paid attention to. The scoring is strictly limited to four-part-harmony, which makes this work suitable for incomplete orchestras or other windgroups and youth orchestras. When performing with a full band it is recommended to vary the scoring according to the character of each respective variation. In this way the conductor can have a creative share in the overall performance of this music.

F LITTLE STUDIES ON A FOLKSONG (Breves études sur une chanson populaire)

Par sept variations sur la chanson populaire "In Den Haag daar woont een Graaf" ("A La Haie vivait un Comte") cette oeuvre met en évidence différents aspects du jeu orchestral, comme la pureté, la sonorité, la cohésion des instruments, le rythme, l'articulation et la dynamique. L'instrumentation se tient strictement à quatre voix, ce qui rend l'oeuvre accessible aux orchestres incomplets, comme les orchestres de jeunes et les ensembles d'instruments à vent. Pour une exécution du morceau par un orchestre complet à vents, il est recommandé de varier l'instrumentation. Pour ce faire, il convient de tenir compte du caractère des différentes variations. Le chef d'orchestre pourra donc faire preuve de créativité en exploitant les ressources sonores de cette composition.

D LITTLE STUDIES ON A FOLKSONG

In sieben Variationen zum Volkslied "In Den Haag daar woont ein Graaf" werden die Facetten des Orchesterspiels etwa Reinheit, Klang, Zusammenspiel, Rhythmus, Artikulation und Dynamik zur Geltung gebracht. Die Instrumentierung ist strikt vierstimmig, wodurch dieses Werk auch geeignet für unvollständige Orchester, etwa Jugendorchestern und Bläsergruppen. Bei Aufführung durch ein voll besetztes Bläsorchester verdient die Instrumentation empfehlenswert. Der Charakter der verschiedenen Variationen muss bei der Auswahl der Instrumentierung berücksichtigt werden. Auf diese Weise hat der Dirigent einen schöpferischen Anteil am Erklängenlassen des Werkes.



LITTLE STUDIES

Conductor (C)

on a folksong from The Hague

Band - Harmonie - Fanfare Brassband

Duration: 6' 30"

HENK van LIJNSCHOOTEN



INSTRUMENTATION "LITTLE STUDIES ON A FOLKSONG FROM THE HAGUE - 03.1670.07"

HARMONIE / CONCERT BAND / SYMPHONIC BAND

PART

- 1 Condensed score I
- 8 Flute / Piccolo I
- 2 Oboe I
- 1 Eb Clarinet / Eb Flügelhorn I
- 1 1st Clarinet / Sopr.Sax / 1st Flügelhorn / 1st Trumpet I
- 16 2nd & 3rd Clarinet / 2nd & 3rd Flügelhorn / 2nd & 3rd Trumpet II
- 3 Alto Clarinet / 2nd Horn Eb III
- 2 Bass Clarinet / 2nd Barit.Euph. / 2nd & 3rd Trombone Bb / Bb Bass IV
- 3 Alto Saxophone / 1st Horn Eb II
- 3 Tenor Saxophone / 1st Trombone Bb / 1st Barit.Euph. Bb III
- 1 Baritone Saxophone / Eb Bass IV
- 2 1st Horn F II
- 2 2nd Horn F III
- 4 1st Trombone C / 1st Barit.Euph. C / 1st Bassoon (fagot) III
- 7 2nd & 3rd Trombone C / 2nd Barit.Euph. C / 2nd Bassoon / Stringbass IV
- 4 Bases / Tuba C IV
- 3 Percussion (s.d., triangle, tamb. de basque, b.d)
- 1 Timpani (Glockenspiel, bells)

ADDITIONAL PARTS

- 2 1st Trombone Bb / 1st Barit.Euph. Bb III
- 2 1st Trombone Bb / 1st Barit.Euph. Bb III
- 2 2nd & 3rd Trombone Bb / 2nd Barit.Euph. Bb / Bb Bass IV
- 5 2nd & 3rd Trombone Bb / 2nd Barit.Euph. Bb / Bb Bass IV
- 2 Eb Bass IV
- 2 Eb Bass IV

Allegro amabile e rubato (♩ = ±126 M.M.)

Musical score for measures 1-5. The score is in 2/4 time and features a melody in the upper voice with accompaniment in the lower voice. Dynamics include *p* and *p + div*. The Glockenspiel part is also indicated.

Musical score for measures 6-10. The score continues the melody and accompaniment. Dynamics include *p* and *p + div*. The Triangle part is also indicated.

Musical score for measures 11-15. The score includes a *rit.* section followed by a return to *a tempo*. Dynamics include *p* and *rit.*

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Musical score for measures 16-20. The score includes an *Attacca* marking and a *ff* dynamic. The Glockenspiel part is also indicated.

Musical score for measures 21-24. The score includes an *accel.* marking and a *p* dynamic.

Musical score for measures 25-28. The score includes a *Presto* marking and *ff* dynamics. The Cymb and Timpani parts are also indicated.

Musical score for measures 29-32. The score includes *f* and *p* dynamics.

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Musical score for measures 33-36. The score includes an *Andante serioso* marking and a *p* dynamic. The Glockenspiel part is also indicated.

Musical score for measures 37-40. The score includes *mf* and *p* dynamics.

Musical score for measures 41-44. The score includes *mf* and *p* dynamics.

Musical score for measures 45-48. The score includes an *Allegro vivace* marking and *p* dynamics. The Glockenspiel part is also indicated.

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Musical score for measures 50-54. The score is in 4/4 time. It features a melody in the upper voice and a bass line in the lower voice. Dynamics include *sfz*, *ff*, *dim*, and *pp*. Percussion parts for Timp and Cymb roll are indicated.

Musical score for measures 55-59. The score is in 4/4 time. It features a melody in the upper voice and a bass line in the lower voice. Dynamics include *f*, *part 2 div.*, *Rim. shot on S.Dr.*, *ppp*, *f*, and *R.S.*. Percussion parts for Timp and Rim shot on Bass Dr. are indicated.

Musical score for measures 60-64. The score is in 4/4 time. It features a melody in the upper voice and a bass line in the lower voice. Dynamics include *sfz*, *p*, and *cresc.*. Percussion parts for Timp and Cymb roll are indicated.

Musical score for measures 65-70. The score is in 4/4 time. It features a melody in the upper voice and a bass line in the lower voice. Dynamics include *sfz*, *pp*, *f*, and *pp*. Percussion parts for Cymb roll and Timp are indicated.

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Musical score for measures 71-73. The score is in 4/4 time. It features a melody in the upper voice and a bass line in the lower voice. Dynamics include *f*. Tempo is *Moderato deciso* with a metronome marking of $\text{♩} = \pm 72 \text{ M.M.}$. Percussion parts for Timp and B.D. are indicated.

Musical score for measures 74-76. The score is in 4/4 time. It features a melody in the upper voice and a bass line in the lower voice. Dynamics include *f*. Percussion parts for Timp and B.D. are indicated.

Musical score for measures 77-79. The score is in 4/4 time. It features a melody in the upper voice and a bass line in the lower voice. Dynamics include *f*. Percussion parts for Timp and B.D. are indicated.

Musical score for measures 80-82. The score is in 4/4 time. It features a melody in the upper voice and a bass line in the lower voice. Dynamics include *f*. Percussion parts for Timp and B.D. are indicated.

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Musical score for measures 83-86. The score is in 4/4 time. It features a melody in the upper voice and a bass line in the lower voice. Dynamics include *f*. Tempo is *Presto* with a metronome marking of $\text{♩} = \pm 160 \text{ M.M.}$. Percussion parts for Timp and B.D. are indicated.

Musical score for measures 87-90. The score is in 4/4 time. It features a melody in the upper voice and a bass line in the lower voice. Dynamics include *p sempre*, *f sempre*, and *Tri. sempre*. Percussion parts for Timp and B.D. are indicated.

Musical score for measures 91-94. The score is in 4/4 time. It features a melody in the upper voice and a bass line in the lower voice. Dynamics include *f*. Percussion parts for Timp and B.D. are indicated.

Musical score for measures 95-98. The score is in 4/4 time. It features a melody in the upper voice and a bass line in the lower voice. Dynamics include *f*. Percussion parts for Timp and B.D. are indicated.

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Musical score for measures 99-103. The score is in 4/4 time. It features a melody in the upper voice and a bass line in the lower voice. Dynamics include *p*. Tempo is *Poco lento* with a metronome marking of $\text{♩} = \pm 76 \text{ M.M.}$. Percussion parts for Timp and B.D. are indicated.

Musical score for measures 104-108. The score is in 4/4 time. It features a melody in the upper voice and a bass line in the lower voice. Dynamics include *f*. Percussion parts for Timp and B.D. are indicated.

Musical score for measures 109-113. The score is in 4/4 time. It features a melody in the upper voice and a bass line in the lower voice. Dynamics include *f*. Percussion parts for Timp and B.D. are indicated.

Musical score for measures 114-119. The score is in 4/4 time. It features a melody in the upper voice and a bass line in the lower voice. Dynamics include *f*. Tempo is $\text{♩} = \pm 92 \text{ M.M.}$. Percussion parts for Timp, Cymb $\frac{1}{2}$, and B.D. are indicated.

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