

CANADIAN SKETCHES

Commissioned by the Tymac Music Parents Association for the
Sir John A. MacDonald Collegiate Institute Wind Symphony, Scarborough, Ontario, Canada
Dennis Carpenter, Director

David Shaffer

Full Conductor Score

David Shaffer was born in Columbus, Ohio and attended schools in Grove City, Ohio before earning degrees at both the Ohio State University and Miami University (Ohio). He has taught in the school systems of Hamilton, Northridge and Wyoming, Ohio. Currently he is the Ohio Director of Music On The Move Inc., and a free-lance composer/arranger/clinician.

Mr. Shaffer has numerous band compositions, at both the Jr. High and High School level, published by the C.L. Barnhouse Co. Many have been used at music clinics and festivals in the United States and Canada, and have been placed on a number of state contest required performance lists. Just recently, the Japanese Band Directors Association selected his PRINCETON VARIATIONS for inclusion on their high school required music list.

Under Mr. Shaffer's direction, the Wyoming, Ohio High School String Orchestra performed as the opening group at the 1984 Mid-West International Band and Orchestra Clinic in Chicago.

INSTRUMENTATION

Full Conductor Score	1
C Piccolo	1
C Flute	5
1st Bb Clarinet	4
2nd Bb Clarinet	4
3rd Bb Clarinet	4
Eb Alto Clarinet	2
Bb Bass Clarinet	2
Oboe	2
Bassoon	2
1st Eb Alto Saxophone	2
2nd Eb Alto Saxophone	2
Bb Tenor Saxophone	1
Eb Baritone Saxophone	1
1st Bb Trumpet	3
2nd Bb Trumpet	3
3rd Bb Trumpet	3
1st & 2nd F Horn	2
3rd & 4th F Horn	2
1st Trombone	2
2nd Trombone	1
3rd Trombone	1
Baritone TC	1
Baritone BC	2
Tuba	5
Snare Drum, Bass Drum	3
Cymbals	1
Mallet Percussion	1
Timpani	1

Note to the Director

The opening fanfare figures measure 1 to 4, 10 to 13, and 18 to 20 should be in sharp contrast both in tempo and articulation to the Rubato interludes. It is important that the tempos of these Rubato sections not be too slow, but in a free style.

Articulations, measure 54 through 60, in the Trumpets, Horns, and Alto Saxes should be with a slight punch, almost a bell-tone type of attack. Be careful not to let the tempo slow through this section of the composition.

The Moderato section at measure 88 should be at MM=96, setting up the Rubato at measure 91. Again, just slow enough to allow expression in the melodic lines. The Allegro at measure 120 should be at the original tempo of MM=132.

Tempo and dynamics should increase considerably leading into the finale of the piece beginning measure 141. The final tempo at measure 143 should be quick enough to produce a climactic effect, but never jeopardizing clean, crisp articulations and musical playing.

Good luck to you in the preparation and performance of this composition.

David Shaffer



C. L. BARNHOUSE COMPANY

Music Publishers, P.O. Box 680, 205 Cowan Avenue
Oskaloosa, Iowa 52577, U.S.A.

Full Conductor Score

012-2274-00

Canadian Sketches

 David Shaffer
 ASCAP

Allegro $\text{J}=132$

Piccolo
Flute
Oboe
B♭ Clarinets 2
E♭ Alto Clarinet
B♭ Bass Clarinet
Bassoon
E♭ Alto Saxophones 2
B♭ Tenor Saxophone
E♭ Baritone Saxophone

Rubato $\text{J}=96$

Ob. f
Solo f
Hn. p
Bar.

Allegro $\text{J}=132$

B♭ Trumpets 2
F Horns
Trombones 2
Baritone
Tuba
Mallets
Timpani
Snare Drum
Cymbals
Bass Drum

Rubato $\text{J}=96$

Xylo.
Cr.Cym.

10 Tempo I

Solo
Solo
Solo

10 Tempo I

1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10

Vibes.
Xylo.

S.Cym.
Cr.Cym.

14 Rubato

Picc.

Fl.

Ob.

Cls.

A.Cl.

B.Cl.

Bsn.

A.Saxs.

T.Sax.

B.Sax.

15 Tempo I

Tpts.

Hns.

Trbs.

Bar.

Tuba

Mallets

Timp.

S.D.

Cyms.
B.D.

Vibes.

Xylo.

S.Cym.

21

Musical score for orchestra and piano. The score consists of ten staves. Measures 1-4 show various melodic and harmonic patterns across the staves, with dynamics such as f , p , and mfp . Measure 4 ends with a forte dynamic.

 mfp mfp mfp

21

Measures 5-8 continue the musical development. The strings play eighth-note patterns, and the woodwind section (oboe and bassoon) enters with sustained notes. Dynamics include f , p , and mfp .

 mfp mfp

Measures 9-12 feature rhythmic patterns in the lower staves. The bassoon and double bass provide harmonic support with sustained notes. Dynamics include mf , mfp , and p .

 mfp p

Measures 13-16 conclude the section. The bassoon and double bass play eighth-note patterns, while the piano provides harmonic support with sustained notes. Dynamics include p , $#$, and mfp .

 $#$ $#$ $#$ $#$ $#$ $#$ $#$ $#$

Picc.

Fl.

Ob.

Cls.

A.Cl.

B.Cl.

Bsn.

A.Saxs.

T.Sax.

B.Sax.

Tpts. 2

Tpts. 3

Hns. 2

Hns. 3

Trbs. 2

Trbs. 3

Bar.

Tuba

Mallets

Timp.

S.D.

Cyms. B.D.

Cr.Cym.

A page of musical notation for a large orchestra, featuring 12 staves of music. The notation is in common time and includes various instruments such as flutes, oboes, bassoons, and strings. The music consists of two systems of measures. Measure 1 starts with a forte dynamic (f) and includes dynamic markings like *f p*, *ff*, and *f*. Measure 2 begins with a dynamic marking of *sub. p*. The notation uses standard musical symbols like quarter notes, eighth notes, sixteenth notes, and rests, along with slurs and grace notes.

42

Picc.

Fl.

Ob.

Cls.

A.Cl.

B.Cl.

Bsn.

A.Saxs.

T.Sax.

B.Sax.

Tpts.

Hns.

Trbs.

Bar.

Tuba

Mallets

Timp.

S.D.

Cyms.

B.D.

46

Musical score page 46, featuring two systems of music. The top system (measures 1-4) includes ten staves with various dynamics (e.g., *mp*, *f*, *mf*) and performance instructions (e.g., *bz*, *bd*, *bd.*, *bdz*, *bdz.*). The bottom system (measures 5-8) shows bassoon parts with dynamics (*f*, *mp*, *bd*, *bdz*, *bdz.*) and a dynamic instruction *div.*

54

Picc.

Fl.

Ob.

Ch.

A.Cl.

B.Cl.

Bassoon

A.Sax.

T.Sax.

B.Sax.

Tpts.

Hns.

Trbs.

Bar.

Tuba

Mallets

Timpani

S.D.

Cyms.
B.D.

54

55

S.Cym. $\rho \frac{2}{3}$

Cr.Cym.

58

1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8

mf
f
sub. p
sub. p
sub. p
sub. p
sub. p
sub. p

58

1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8

mf
f
sub. p
sub. p
sub. p
sub. p
sub. p
sub. p

to G
S.Cym.

64

Picc.
Fl.
Ob.
Cls.
A.Cl.
B.Cl.
Bsn.
A.Saxs.
T.Sax.
B.Sax.
Tpts.
Hns.
Trbs.
Bar.
Tuba
Mallets
Timp.
S.D.
Cyms.
B.D.

69

muted
muted
muted

ff

73

This page contains two systems of musical notation, each starting with measure 73.

Measure 73:

- Violin 1: Dynamic ff, slurs on eighth notes.
- Violin 2: Dynamic ff, slurs on eighth notes.
- Cello: Dynamic ff, slurs on eighth notes.
- Bassoon: Dynamic ff, slurs on eighth notes.
- Double Bass: Dynamic ff, slurs on eighth notes.
- Flute: Dynamic ff, slurs on eighth notes.
- Oboe: Dynamic ff, slurs on eighth notes.
- Clarinet: Dynamic ff, slurs on eighth notes.
- Saxophone: Dynamic ff, slurs on eighth notes.
- Trombone: Dynamic ff, slurs on eighth notes.
- Tuba: Dynamic ff, slurs on eighth notes.
- Drum: Dynamic ff, slurs on eighth notes.
- Cr. Cym.: Dynamic ff, slurs on eighth notes.

Measure 74:

- Violin 1: Muted out, dynamic ff, slurs on eighth notes.
- Violin 2: Muted out, dynamic ff, slurs on eighth notes.
- Cello: Muted out, dynamic ff, slurs on eighth notes.
- Bassoon: Muted out, dynamic ff, slurs on eighth notes.
- Double Bass: Muted out, dynamic ff, slurs on eighth notes.
- Flute: Dynamic ff, slurs on eighth notes.
- Oboe: Dynamic ff, slurs on eighth notes.
- Clarinet: Dynamic ff, slurs on eighth notes.
- Saxophone: Dynamic ff, slurs on eighth notes.
- Trombone: Dynamic ff, slurs on eighth notes.
- Tuba: Dynamic ff, slurs on eighth notes.
- Drum: Dynamic ff, slurs on eighth notes.
- Cr. Cym.: Dynamic ff, slurs on eighth notes.

Measure 75:

- Violin 1: Dynamic ff, slurs on eighth notes.
- Violin 2: Dynamic ff, slurs on eighth notes.
- Cello: Dynamic ff, slurs on eighth notes.
- Bassoon: Dynamic ff, slurs on eighth notes.
- Double Bass: Dynamic ff, slurs on eighth notes.
- Flute: Dynamic ff, slurs on eighth notes.
- Oboe: Dynamic ff, slurs on eighth notes.
- Clarinet: Dynamic ff, slurs on eighth notes.
- Saxophone: Dynamic ff, slurs on eighth notes.
- Trombone: Dynamic ff, slurs on eighth notes.
- Tuba: Dynamic ff, slurs on eighth notes.
- Drum: Dynamic ff, slurs on eighth notes.
- Cr. Cym.: Dynamic ff, slurs on eighth notes.

81

Picc.

Fl.

Ob.

Cls.

A.Cl.

B.Cl.

Bsn.

A.Saxs.

T.Sax.

B.Sax.

Tpts.

Hns.

Trbs.

Bar.

Tuba

Mallets

Timp.

S.D.

Cyms.
B.D.

molto rit.

BB Moderato

Musical score page 15, measures 1-10. The score consists of 10 staves. Measures 1-4 show piano entries with dynamic *p*. Measure 5 starts with "Solo" dynamic *p*. Measures 6-10 show piano entries with dynamic *p*.

Musical score page 15, measures 11-20. Measures 11-14 show piano entries with dynamic *p*. Measures 15-18 show piano entries with dynamic *p*. Measure 19 starts with "Solo" dynamic *mf*, followed by "Hn. *p*". Measure 20 starts with "Tutti" dynamic *p*.

molto rit.

BB Moderato

Musical score page 15, measures 21-30. Measures 21-24 show piano entries with dynamic *p*. Measures 25-28 show piano entries with dynamic *p*. Measures 29-30 show piano entries with dynamic *p*. Measure 31 starts with "Solo" dynamic *p*, followed by "Soli" dynamic *p*.

S.Cym.

[21] Rubato $J = 96$

Picc.

Fl.

Ob.

Cla. 1

Cla. 2

Bsn.

A.Cl.

B.Cl.

Bsn.

A.Saxs.

T.Sax.

B.Sax.

Tpts. 2

Hns. 2

Hns. 3

opt. Bsn basso ff

Hns. 4

Trbs. 1

Trbs. 2

Bar.

Tuba

Mallets

Vibes.

Timpani

S.D.

Cyms. B.D.

S.Cym. p

103 Maestoso ♩ - 98-102

Musical score page 17, featuring two systems of music for orchestra.

Top System (Measures 103-104):

- Flute:** Playing eighth-note patterns with grace notes.
- Clarinet:** Playing eighth-note patterns with grace notes.
- Bassoon:** Playing eighth-note patterns with grace notes.
- Trombone:** Playing eighth-note patterns with grace notes.
- Percussion:** Playing eighth-note patterns with grace notes.

Bottom System (Measures 105-106):

- Bassoon:** Playing eighth-note patterns with grace notes.
- Trombone:** Playing eighth-note patterns with grace notes.
- Percussion:** Playing eighth-note patterns with grace notes.

Dynamics:

- Measure 103: f
- Measure 104: p
- Measure 105: p
- Measure 106: ff

Section Header: 103 Maestoso ♩ - 98-102

Text at the bottom: S.Cym.

Picc.

Fl.

Ob.

Cls.

A.Cl.

B.Cl.

Bsn.

A.Saxs.

T.Sax.

B.Sax.

Tpts.

Hns.

Trbs.

Bar.

Tuba

Mallets

Timpani

S.D.

Cyms.
B.D.

112

*Soli express.**Soli f
express.**Soli f
express.*

112

120 Allegro $\text{J}=132$

rall.

Picc.
Fl.
Ob.
Cts. 1
Cts. 2
Cts. 3
A.Cl.
B.Cl.
Bsn.
A.Saxs. 1
A.Saxs. 2
T.Sax.
B.Sax.
rall.

Tpts. 1
Tpts. 2
Tpts. 3
Hns. 2
Hns. 3
Trbs. 1
Trbs. 2
Trbs. 3
Bar.
Tuba
Mallets
Timp.
S.D.
Cyms. B.D.

Chimes

$\text{J}=132$

pp

3800

125

125

Xylo.
Cr. Cym.
Tamb.

132

Picc. *p sim.*

Fl. *p sim.*

Ob. *p*

Cls. 1 *sim.*

Cls. 2 *p sim.*

Cls. 3 *p*

A.Cl. *p*

B.Cl. *sim.* *mp* *sim.*

Bsn. *p* *sim.*

A.Saxs. 1 *sim.* *p sim.*

A.Saxs. 2 *p*

T.Sax. *f*

B.Sax. *p*

132 Solo

Tpts. 1 *f*

Tpts. 2

Tpts. 3

Hns. 1 *f*

Hns. 2

Hns. 3

Hns. 4

Trbs. 1 *f*

Trbs. 2

Trbs. 3

Bar. *f*

Tuba *A* *A* *A* *sim.* *mp*

Mallets

Tim. *p*

S.D. *Tamb.* *mp*

Cyms. B.D. *p* *Cr.Cym.*

136

Tutti

136

accel.

143 Presto $\text{d} = 160+$

Musical score page 23, featuring two systems of music. The top system begins with a dynamic of p , followed by measures of rest and dynamic p . The tempo is marked "accel." and the key signature changes from C major to G major. The dynamic ff is indicated. The bottom system starts with a dynamic of p , followed by measures of rest and dynamic p . The tempo is marked "accel." and the key signature changes from G major to F# major. The dynamic ff is indicated. The score includes parts for Flute, Clarinet, Bassoon, Trombone, Bass Trombone, Tuba, Double Bass, Xylophone, and Crash Cymbal. The Xylophone part is highlighted in the bottom system.

Picc.

FL.

Ob.

Cls. 1

Cls. 2

Cls. 3

A.Cl.

B.Cl.

Bsn.

4.Saxs.

2

T.Sax.

B.Sax.

Tpts. 1

Tpts. 2

Tpts. 3

Hns. 1

Hns. 2

Hns. 3

Hns. 4

Trbs. 1

Trbs. 2

Trbs. 3

Bar.

Tuba

Mallets

Timp.

S.D.

Cyms.
B.D.